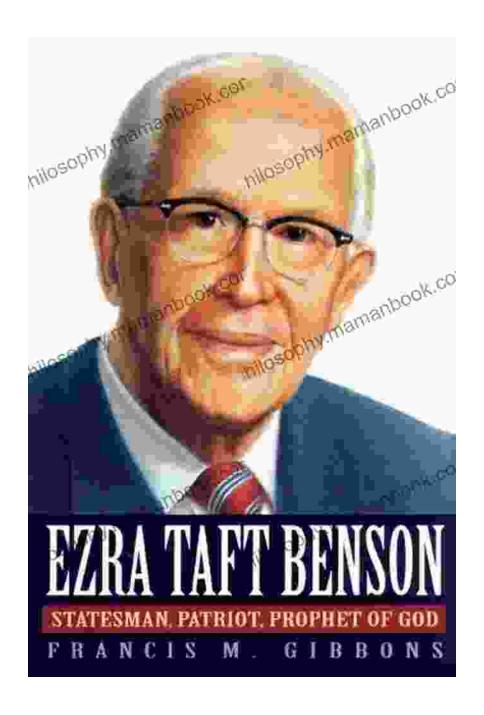
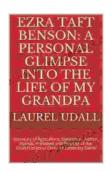
Secretary Of Agriculture, Statesman, Author, Patriot, President, And Prophet Of The...



Norman Ernest Borlaug was an American agronomist, humanitarian and Nobel laureate who has been called "the father of the Green Revolution." Borlaug was born in Cresco, Iowa, in 1914 and earned a degree in forestry

from the University of Minnesota in 1937. He then worked for the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) as a plant pathologist, and in 1944 he was sent to Mexico to work on developing new wheat varieties that would be resistant to stem rust, a devastating disease that was destroying wheat crops around the world.



Ezra Taft Benson: A Personal Glimpse into the Life of My Grandpa: Secretary of Agriculture, Statesman, Author, Patriot, President and Prophet of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latterday Saints by Craig A McDonough

 $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow 5$ out of 5 Language : English File size : 1590 KB Text-to-Speech : Enabled Enhanced typesetting: Enabled Word Wise : Enabled Print length : 16 pages Lending : Enabled Screen Reader : Supported



Borlaug's work in Mexico was a huge success, and he was able to develop several new wheat varieties that were resistant to stem rust and other diseases. These new varieties were quickly adopted by farmers around the world, and they helped to increase wheat production dramatically. In the 1960s, Borlaug's work was instrumental in helping to prevent a global famine, and he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1970 for his contributions to world food security.

In addition to his work on wheat, Borlaug also worked on developing new varieties of rice, maize, and other crops. He was also a strong advocate for agricultural research and development, and he helped to establish the International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT) in Mexico. CIMMYT is now one of the world's leading agricultural research centers, and it has helped to develop new crop varieties that have improved food security in developing countries around the world.

Norman Borlaug died in 2009, but his legacy continues to live on. He is considered one of the most important figures in the history of agriculture, and his work has helped to save millions of lives from starvation. Borlaug was a true humanitarian, and he dedicated his life to helping others. He was a brilliant scientist, a gifted writer, and a passionate advocate for the poor and hungry. He was also a devout Christian, and he believed that his work was a calling from God.

Borlaug's Early Life

Norman Ernest Borlaug was born on March 25, 1914, in Cresco, Iowa. His parents, Henry and Clara Borlaug, were Norwegian immigrants who had come to the United States in the late 1800s. Henry Borlaug was a farmer, and Clara Borlaug was a schoolteacher. Norman was the eldest of four children.

Borlaug grew up on his family's farm, and he learned the value of hard work at an early age. He also developed a love of nature, and he spent many hours exploring the woods and fields around his home. As a child, Borlaug was fascinated by plants, and he often helped his father with the farm work.

Borlaug attended a one-room schoolhouse until the eighth grade, and then he went to high school in Cresco. He was a good student, and he excelled in math and science. In high school, Borlaug was also active in sports, and he played football, basketball, and track.

After graduating from high school, Borlaug enrolled at the University of Minnesota in Minneapolis. He majored in forestry, and he earned his bachelor's degree in 1937. After graduating from college, Borlaug worked for the USDA as a plant pathologist. In 1944, he was sent to Mexico to work on developing new wheat varieties that would be resistant to stem rust.

Borlaug's Work In Mexico

Borlaug's work in Mexico was a huge success. He was able to develop several new wheat varieties that were resistant to stem rust and other diseases. These new varieties were quickly adopted by farmers around the world, and they helped to increase wheat production dramatically.

In the 1960s, Borlaug's work was instrumental in helping to prevent a global famine. In 1961, a severe drought in India caused a widespread famine. Borlaug was able to send large quantities of wheat to India, which helped to save millions of lives.

In 1970, Borlaug was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for his contributions to world food security. He was the first person to receive the Nobel Peace Prize for work in agriculture.

Borlaug's Later Life

After winning the Nobel Peace Prize, Borlaug continued to work on developing new crop varieties. He also became a strong advocate for

agricultural research and development, and he helped to establish CIMMYT in Mexico. CIMMYT is now one of the world's leading agricultural research centers, and it has helped to develop new crop varieties that have improved food security in developing countries around the world.

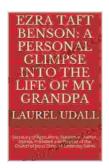
Borlaug died in 2009, but his legacy continues to live on. He is considered one of the most important figures in the history of agriculture, and his work has helped to save millions of lives from starvation. Borlaug was a true humanitarian, and he dedicated his life to helping others. He was a brilliant scientist, a gifted writer, and a passionate advocate for the poor and hungry. He was also a devout Christian, and he believed that his work was a calling from God.

Borlaug's Legacy

Norman Borlaug's legacy is immense. He is credited with saving millions of lives from starvation, and his work has helped to improve food security around the world. Borlaug was a tireless advocate for agricultural research and development, and he helped to establish CIMMYT, which is now one of the world's leading agricultural research centers.

Borlaug was also a gifted writer, and he wrote several books and articles about agriculture and food security. He was a passionate advocate for the poor and hungry, and he believed that everyone had the right to food security.

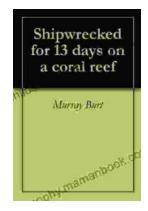
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